Scales and Weighing



Scene of large waste trucks being weighed at disposal facility scales.

Scale & Weighing: Rural/Non-rural Landfills & WTE Facilities

- Different scale requirements for landfills operating in a rural area
- Rural cities and counties are defined in Public Resources Code 40183 and 40184 based on:
 - Population and
 - Waste disposal rates

What is a Rural Landfill?

- Landfills located in an area identified as rural
- For CIWMB assistance to determine if a facility is rural, contact CIWMB staff at

WasteLine@ciwmb.ca.gov or (916) 341-6675



Entrance gate to the landfill.



Landfill bulldozer and private truck parked in a vacant area of landfill.

Rural Landfills: Scale Requirements

- Scales are required for landfills that:
 - 1. Take in more than 200 tons, or 800 cu. yds. of garbage a day AND
 - 2. Operate more than 52 days a year

Note: CIWMB staff analysis during the regulatory process indicated no rural facilities would be required to have a scale that do not already one installed onsite.



This picture shows a large dump truck at the landfill gatehouse being weighed.

Rural Landfills: Weighing Requirements

- Weigh every compacted load and every uncompacted load of waste greater than 12 cu. yds.
- Use volumetric conversion factors to estimate the weight of each load not weighed:
 - Loads less than 12 cu. yds. that are not weighed
 - Inoperable Scales



This scene shows a gatehouse in the lower portion of the picture, with a path up the side of the mountain leading to the landfill.

What is a Non-rural Landfill?

- Landfill located in an area not identified as rural
- For CIWMB assistance to determine if a landfill is non-rural, contact CIWMB staff at <u>WasteLine@ciwmb.ca.gov</u> or (916) 341-6675

Non-rural Landfills: Scale Requirements

Scales are required for landfills that:

- 1. Take in over 100 tons, or 400 cubic yards of garbage a day AND
- 2. Operate more than 52 days a year

Note: CIWMB staff analysis indicated that 233 facilities statewide would be required to have scales and of those 233 facilities, only 7 do not already have a scale installed onsite.



Non-rural Facilities: Weighing Requirements

- Weigh every compacted load and every uncompacted load of waste greater than 12 cu. yds.
- Use volumetric conversion factors to estimate the weight of each load not weighed:
 - Loads less than 12 cu. yds. that are not weighed
 - Inoperable Scales



This scene depicts dump trucks and other trucks being weighed and on their way to the landfill.

Volume-to-Weight Conversion Factor Rules for Landfills & WTE Facilities

- Conversion factors are needed for all:
 - Vehicle/Trailer, and
 - Load types



A solid waste gatehouse with a truck delivering waste.

 Conversion factors must be based on average weights obtained during a minimum 7-day survey period conducted at least every 5 years.

California Integrated Waste Management Board



Self haulers and large waste disposal trucks waiting to enter the gatehouse at the disposal facility.

- Conversion factors for each vehicle, trailer, and load type must be based on representative sampling
- Factors and methods used must be provided in an annual report of methods
- All documentation must be made available for CIWMB review (upon request)

Scale Exemptions & Alternative Weighing Requirements for Landfills & WTE Facilities

- Scale exemption for hardship
- Alternative weighing system
- Requests must include facility information & reasons for exemption or alternative system



This is the landfill. To the right is an umbrella shaded post. To the left is a large bulldozer covering the waste.

Scale Exemptions and Alternative Weighing Requirements

- 30-day notice to all applicable parties
 - Haulers
 - County/Regional Agency where facility is located
 - Cities and counties
 - Local Task Force
- Submit request to CIWMB for review
- CIWMB may withdraw exemption or alternative system if requirements are no longer met.